

No. 8871	號一十七百八千八第	日三初月五年二十緒光	HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 4TH, 1886.	五拜禮	號四月六英港香	[PRICE \$2½ PER MONTH
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS TO LET.
 HOUSE—Immediate Possession.
 APPLY AT THE PREMISES.
 gkong, 4th June, 1890. [1126]
 INSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM
 NAVIGATION COMPANY.
 NOTICE.
 E. L. WOODEN WILL ASSUME CHARGE
 of this Company's business at this
 y during my Absence from Hongkong.
 A. J. YEE, Superintendent.
 gkong, 3rd June, 1890. [1127]
 CHINA AND MANILA STEAM-
 SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
 FOR MANILA VIA AMOY.
 S Company's Steamship
 "ESMERALDA,"
 n G. Taylor, will be despatched for the
 Part TO-MORROW, the 5th instant.
 E. P. M.
 Freight, or Passage, apply to
 RUSSELL & Co.,
 General Managers.
 gkong, 3rd June, 1890. [1122]
 FOR SHANGHAI
 S Steamship

Mann, will be despatched for the above
on or about **TUESDAY**, the 6th instant.
Freight or Passage, apply to
GIBB & Co.,
Agents.
[1123]
Yokohama, 3rd June, 1886.

"GIBB" LINE OF STEAMERS.
Sydney and Melbourne,
via POOHOW.
Sailing at Port Darwin and Queensland
Ports, and taking through Cargo to
New Zealand).
— British Steamer—

"KILLARNEY."
The James O'Neill, will be despatched as
on **TUESDAY NEXT**, the 8th inst., at
P.M.

Freight or Passage, apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Managers.
[1128]
Yokohama, 4th June, 1886.

"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.
FOR LONDON.
— British Steamer

"BENARTY,"
a Le Bouitviller, will be despatched as
on or about **WEDNESDAY NEXT**, the
instant.

Freight or Passage, apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.
[1129]
Yokohama, 4th June, 1886.

NAGASAKI, WLADIVOSTOK

British Steamer
"ROSAMOND."
 A Merchantman, may be despatched as above
 about the 19th instant.
 Freight or Passage, apply to
GIBB LIVINGSTON & Co.,
 Agents.
 Rangoon, 4th June, 1896. [1130
 S. S. "LAJU."
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
I ANTWERP, LONDON, PENANG
& SINGAPORE.
 Steamship
 "LAJU,"--
 A Mann, having arrived from the above
 Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested
 to present their Bills of Lading to the under-
 signers for countersignature and to take imme-
 diate delivery of their Goods from alongside.
 In impeding the discharge of the steamer
 at once landed and stored at Consignees'
 expense, and no Free Insurance will be
 granted.
 All Cargo will be forwarded on to Shang-
 hai unless notice to the contrary be given
 2 P.M., TO-DAY, the 3rd instant.
 The undersigned request the steamer must be pre-
 sented to the undersigned on or before the 10th
 inst. or they will not be recognised.
GILMAN & Co.,
 Agents.
 Rangoon, 3rd June, 1896. [1124
CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LIMITED.

"TAISANG."
 arrived from the above Ports, Consignees
 go by her are hereby informed that their
 with the exception of Batpore, are
 ended at their risk into Messrs. Jardine,
 mon & Co.'s Godowns, West Point, whence
 y may be obtained.
 eters impeding the discharge will be at-
 ended and stored at Consignees' risk and
 e.
 re remaining undelivered after the 10th
 will be subject to rent.
 Fire Insurance has been effected.
 of Lading will be countersigned by
JARDINE, MATTHESON & Co.
 and Managers.
 gkong, 3rd June, 1896. [1125
ORIENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM.
-SHIP COMPANY.
FOR PASSENGERS AND PASSENGERS
JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES,
MEXICO.
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA,
AND EUROPE.
 VIA
THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS.
AND
PACIFIC AND OTHER CONNECTING
STEAMERS.
 S' Steamship, "BELGIO," will be
 despatched for San Francisco, via Yoko-
 on or about the 22nd instant.
 being called at Yokohama with
 on from Shanghai and Japan Ports.

in place; and same will be received at the
City's Office until FIVE P.M. the day pre-
ceding.

RETURN PASSAGES.—Passengers, who have
already embarked at San Francisco for
Europe, and return to America within six
months, will be allowed a discount of 20% of
the Fare; if re-embarking within one year,
a discount of 10% will be made from Return
Fares. Paid Return Fares for Europe, avail-
able of 10%, will be issued at a Discount
of 10% from Return Fares. These allowances
apply to through fares from China and
Japan.

Particular Invoices to accompany Cargo de-
partures beyond San Francisco should be
forwarded to the Company's Office, addressed to
the Director of Customs and Excise, for
further information as to Freight
charges, apply to the Agency of the Com-
missioner of Customs, 50A, Queen's Road,
HONG KONG.

C. D. HARMAN, Agent.
HONG KONG, 4th June, 1886.

TO BE LENT ON MORTGAGE.
Sums from \$2,000 to \$11,000.
7, by letter to—

Little's Free Office.
HONG KONG, 1st May, 1886. [914]

VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING.

MAILS EXPECTED

Rupees 10 per annum, in advance. Received
"Hongkong Daily Press" Office. [1879.]

THE TOURIST'S GUIDE
REDUCED PRICE, \$1

Containing the names of all the Articles
Trade, objects of Natural History, Furniture
&c., &c., with the Punti and Mandarin
pronunciation.

Also a few copies of the **GRAMMAR OF THE
CHINESE LANGUAGE**, in two Parts.
(The Daily Press Office)

contains the
LATEST and FULLEST TRADE
INTELLIGENCE,
REPORTS OF MEETINGS OF
COMPANIES,
THE LATEST TELEGRAM
together with the
POLITICAL and GENERAL NEWS
of the Fortnight.

The "Trade Report" has a large circulation in Hongkong, the Ports of China and Japan, the Philippines, Straits Settlements, &c. &c.

China. It is carefully edited by an experienced Chinese Scholar, and contains FULL and RELIABLE COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Terms for Advertising can be obtained at the Office, Wyndham Street, Hongkong; or from the different Agents.

FIVE P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.
Agents.
Hongkong, 31st May, 1888. [109]

Frost, Master, will load here for the above
 Ports, and will have quick despatch.
 For Freight apply to **RUSSELL & Co.**
Hongkong, 28th May, 1886. [108]

Friday, on account of cooling.
The above Time Table will be strictly adhered to, except under unavoidable circumstances. In case of stress of weather, due notice will be given of any stoppages.

* No Customs duty is charged on Watches, Jewellery, Personal Ornaments, or any articles not describable as Plate.

[illegible]

EXTRACT.

LABBY TO THE RESCUE.

No wonder that the Grand Old Man has gone in gloom to Havard.

There to be met by cheering hordes, in his own park and garden.

No wonder that the Easterday his courage like a patriot.

And that he hopes once more his bills will not be promptly squandered.

Ten, seven, ten days ago affairs for him were looking grim.

Time that it seemed he must perform his last feat as a man.

Yes, ten short days ago he felt that his hour was long.

When suddenly his prospects changed, thanks to St. James's Hall.

Yes, in his hour of need, when hope had all but fled.

When friends had been estranged and come to hate and had.

Brave Labby sent the summons forth to Liberals one and all.

To rally round the Premier at St. James's larger Hall.

And how they rallied we have seen, and who were those who came.

Did not the papers daily print each widely who named?

And has it not to all the world at last been clearly shown.

How very wrong were those who said that Gladstone stood alone.

Alone, forsooth! Whatever next! This can no more be said.

When once of Labby's meeting all the details have been told.

And when it is known what men of light and leading met.

The G.O.M.'s Disruption Bill to foster and abet.

It must, as Labby said, be owned that on the other side.

There are a few great Englishmen in whom the land takes pride.

Also a nucleus of two, of wealth and power immense.

And most of England's intellect and all her common sense.

Philosophers and authors join against the Premier's plan.

And of the London prints but one upholds the Grand Old Man.

Wallis Whigs and Radicals who love their country more than place.

Unite with Tories against the bill which England would abuse.

But, granted this; admitting, too, that all true Englishmen.

And moved with scorn and hatred for the Home Rule Bill—what then?

Cannot its author count on Arch, that paragon of honest peasants.

And reckon, too, on Bradlaugh's help and Mrs. Annie Besant's?

Yes, though the country's intellect declines against his plan.

Though the press and Learning, Wealth and Worth unite his will to ban.

Who to this fact would anything that is important add?

While Leicester is on Gladstone's side and Mr. Hewell, M.P.?

The country's better sense may be, no doubt, against separation.

But why need Mr. Gladstone heed the protests of the nation?

While Mr. Henry Lawson his Disruption Bill can denounce.

And also Mr. Piskorski and little Mr. Jones?

No! Is it wonder, we repeat, that Gladstone now is grieved.

Since such a proof of confidence he recently has had.

And feels on his side such men of world-wide fame as Messrs. Samuel Cox, M.P., and Cobb, and Coys. have?

To, all is changed; the face of Fate, but lately so unpropitious.

Breaks into smiles, since he can now depend on Mrs. Russell.

No, does he care through Harrington denounces as a bad law.

His Irish Bill, since 'tis approved by Labouchere and Bradlaugh?

Yes, all is changed since that great night when at St. James's Hall.

That galaxy of varied words heard Labby's trumpet call.

And Gladstone, of Trevelyan and Chamberlain bereft.

Found he at least had Joseph Arch and Handel Coles and John.

—London Figure.

that the bursts are lengthened as the "wind" improves. Next, after considerable preparation, comes the "trial" races, in which the man's physical and staying powers are closely watched; and then comes the final selection into the crack crew. The result is that an unusual number of men are actually found, long before the season trial comes, whilst, for sound constitutional, a course of systematic and careful training only tends to improve the physical and vital powers, and fits men to undergo the strenuous exertions of a boat-race without injury.—*Latent.*

CHARACTERISTICS OF BEARS.

Among carnivorous animals bears may be said to rank first, as their characters and habits link them rather closely in some respects with the preceding order—the insectivores. Both classes live chiefly on fruit, grain, and vegetables, and are only occasionally driven to necessity. There are a few species of bears that never eat flesh, and all of them are able to do without it. The bear's mouth shows plainly that he is partly vegetarian, his hind teeth being smoothed down, and as he can move his lower jaw slightly from side to side to enable him to chew his food. Bears were frequently sent from Britain to Rome for the amusement of the Romans of the Empire. The latest date known of their appearance in Great Britain was in Scotland, during the year 1057. They generally inhabit mountainous regions of thick forest, dwelling in hollow places or digging pits for themselves, and are considered a kind of butchery with man. When a bear is pursuing any game, his attention is easily diverted, and many have escaped from his clutches by throwing a bundle or knapsack down when he is advancing upon them, for while he stoops to examine it he gains time and distance. They play all sorts of tricks, and an Indian hunter tells that in one of his journeys some brown bears kept in front of his palanquin, tumbling about and playing as if expressly to afford him amusement. Climbing is a great delight to them, and one day one of them was seen ascending a scaffold for his own pleasure. At first he proceeded cautiously, examining the strength of all the timbers, and at last he reached the top, which was 120 feet high. He seemed much pleased with his exploit, and after being applauded by the workmen he carefully descended in safety. The brown bear of Siberia may be considered the most good-natured of his tribe. Mr. Atkinson, who travelled in that country, relates that some peasants had one day lost two of their children, between four and six years of age. As soon as it was discovered that they had wandered far away, the disconsolate parents set off in search of them. Having proceeded some way through the woods, they caught sight in the distance of a huge animal, which as they drew nearer they saw was a brown bear, and who was near their lost ones. But their dismay was soon changed into amazement when they beheld the children running about, laughing round the bear, sometimes taking it by the paw, and sometimes pulling it by the tail. The apparently amused with their behaviour, treated them in the most affectionate manner. One of the children produced some fruit, with which he fed his playmate, while the other climbed up on his back, and sat there fearlessly, urging the bear to move on. The parents gave way to cries of terror at seeing, as they thought, the danger to which their little ones were exposed. Whereupon the boy stopped off the bear's back, and the animal, hearing the sound of the parents' voices, left the children and quietly retreated into the forest. The grizzly bear (*Ursus ferus*) is said to be the most formidable of all the species, both for size and ferocity. Mr. Faxon tells us that a trapper named Glass and his companion were one day setting traps near the River Fraser, when they saw a large grizzly bear turning up the turf close by, searching for roots. The men crept to the thicket, fired at him, and wounded him severely. The animal groaned, jumped up from the ground, and snorting with pain and fury, charged towards the place from whence came the smoke of the rifle. The men rushed towards the thicket, but their speed was impeded by the under-woods, so that the infuriated bear soon came up with them; at that moment Glass stumbled and fell. When he rose, the bear stood before him on its hind legs; he called instantly to his companion to fire, he himself sending the contents of his pistol into the bear's back with the blood streaming from its nose and mouth, knocked the pistol away with one paw, while it struck the claws of the other into the flesh of the stag's antler and rolled with him on the ground. Glass managed to reach his knife, and plunge it several times into the bear's side, while the latter was tearing his flesh with teeth and claws. At length, the bear, with blood and exhaustion, the knife fell from Glass's hand, and he fainted. His companion fled to the camp and told his party of the sad fate of their companion. Assistance was instantly sent. Glass still breathed, but the bear lay dead across him. The trapper's death was torn away in slips, and tumbled in a heap, his limbs, his scalp hanging black over his face, which was much torn. The men thought he was already dead, dragged the bear off his body and took away his hunting shirt, moccasins, and arms, and returned to the camp, saying they had completed his burial. Months elapsed, and some of the party were on their way to a trading post with skins, when they came to a narrow approach them with a face so scarred and disfigured that they could not distinguish his features. The stranger accented one of the party, exclaiming in a hollow voice, "Hurray, Bill, my boy, you thought I was killed, did you? Well, I'm not dead yet, you see!" Astonishment and horror seized the party, some of whom believed him both dead and buried. Glass told them that he knew not how long he had lain insensible, but when he revived he was obliged to subsist on the bear's flesh. As soon as he had strength to crawl, he tore off as much of it as he could carry, and crept down to the river. He had suffered tortures from want of food, cold, and hunger, before he reached the fortress eighty miles distant, living meantime chiefly on roots and berries.—*Month.*

GAMBETTA'S BRAIN.

Conformably with the practice in "Vogue" of depicting the peculiarities of form and structure presented by the brains of famous men, that of M. Gambetta has lately been examined by MM. Duret and Chudinski. The report of these experts was read at a meeting of the Anthropological Society of Paris. Certain facts already brought to light regarding Gambetta's cerebrum verify, in a remarkable fashion, some of the latest theories of physiology regarding the functions of the brain. We find the observers recounting, firstly, the high development of the speech-centre in the third left frontal region. Nor was this portion of the statesman's brain found to be merely well developed. It actually exhibited a double folding or duplication in its area, indicating an exceptionally active disposition as far as eloquence and command of language were concerned—qualities these for which Gambetta, of all men, was markedly distinguished. The Parisian savants tell us that in the brains of Wulffert, the lawyer, and Huber, the philosopher, both remarkable for their rhetorical ability, the convolution already noted was singularly developed, and was very wavy

and more complex than in ordinary brains. In these cases, however, there was no double fold, as in the brain of Gambetta, which in other respects showed certain peculiarities of development. In the forehead region, immediately over the highest intellectual powers, the statesman's brain showed great complexity of folding, associated with great dilatation of the sulci. Altogether, the examination in question is of fairly interesting character, proving, as it does, the fact that evidence of genius and ability are not left unrecorded on the organ of man. How far training and education may modify brain structure is as yet a moot point of science. One thing, however, is certain—namely, that it is quality and not quantity of brain matter which primarily dominates the world. That a large brain may be associated with low intellectual powers is a well-known fact. Given a large brain, however, and a high quality of structure, derived from an educated ancestry or from a sound stock in other respects, and we find recorded the conditions which enable a man to rise to the will of the individual, which control the destinies of nations, and which revolutionize the world of letters, art, or science.—*Daily News.*

THE CURRENTS OF THE ATLANTIC OCEAN.

We read, and we see it everywhere repeated, that the climate of Norway, which is mild as compared with that of the American coast in the same latitude, is due to the influence of the Gulf Stream. This is the common opinion shared in by a kind of butchery with man. When a bear is pursuing any game, his attention is easily diverted, and many have escaped from his clutches by throwing a bundle or knapsack down when he is advancing upon them, for while he stoops to examine it he gains time and distance. They play all sorts of tricks, and an Indian hunter tells that in one of his journeys some brown bears kept in front of his palanquin, tumbling about and playing as if expressly to afford him amusement. Climbing is a great delight to them, and one day one of them was seen ascending a scaffold for his own pleasure. At first he proceeded cautiously, examining the strength of all the timbers, and at last he reached the top, which was 120 feet high. 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As soon as he had strength to crawl, he tore off as much of it as he could carry, and crept down to the river. He had suffered tortures from want of food, cold, and hunger, before he reached the fortress eighty miles distant, living meantime chiefly on roots and berries.—*Month.*

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HONGKONG BANKING.	
As Reported by Circular of the Bank of June 1, 1892.	
COTTON GOODS.	
American Drill, 36 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
American Drill, 38 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
Cotton Yarn, No. 10 to 24, per 100 lbs.	\$25.00 to 27.00
Cotton Yarn, No. 25 to 32, per 100 lbs.	\$25.00 to 27.00
Cotton Yarn, No. 33 to 42, per 100 lbs.	\$25.00 to 27.00
Cotton Yarn, Bombay, per 100 lbs.	\$27.50 to 29.00
China, per piece	\$0.10 to 0.15
Dyed Spotted Shirtings, per piece	\$2.00 to 2.20
Dyed Broadcloth Shirtings, per piece	\$2.00 to 2.20
English Drill, 36 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
English Drill, 38 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
English Drill, 40 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
Grey Shirtings, 7 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 8 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 9 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 10 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 11 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 12 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 13 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 14 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 15 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 16 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 17 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 18 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 19 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 20 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 21 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 22 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 23 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 24 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 25 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 26 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 27 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 28 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 29 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 30 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 31 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 32 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 33 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 34 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 35 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 36 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 37 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 38 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 39 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 40 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 41 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 42 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 43 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 44 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 45 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 46 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 47 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 48 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 49 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 50 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 51 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 52 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 53 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 54 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
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Grey Shirtings, 58 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 59 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 60 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 61 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 62 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 63 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 64 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 65 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 66 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 67 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 68 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 69 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 70 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 71 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 72 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 73 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 74 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 75 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 76 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 77 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 78 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 79 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 80 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 81 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 82 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 83 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 84 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 85 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 86 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 87 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 88 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 89 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 90 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 91 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 92 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 93 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 94 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 95 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 96 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 97 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 98 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 99 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 100 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75

HONGKONG BANKING.	
As Reported by Circular of the Bank of June 1, 1892.	
COTTON GOODS.	
American Drill, 36 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
American Drill, 38 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
Cotton Yarn, No. 10 to 24, per 100 lbs.	\$25.00 to 27.00
Cotton Yarn, No. 25 to 32, per 100 lbs.	\$25.00 to 27.00
Cotton Yarn, No. 33 to 42, per 100 lbs.	\$25.00 to 27.00
Cotton Yarn, Bombay, per 100 lbs.	\$27.50 to 29.00
China, per piece	\$0.10 to 0.15
Dyed Spotted Shirtings, per piece	\$2.00 to 2.20
Dyed Broadcloth Shirtings, per piece	\$2.00 to 2.20
English Drill, 36 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
English Drill, 38 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
English Drill, 40 in. wide, per piece	\$2.30 to 2.50
Grey Shirtings, 7 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 8 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 9 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 10 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 11 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 12 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 13 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 14 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 15 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 16 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 17 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 18 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 19 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 20 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 21 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 22 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 23 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 24 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 25 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 26 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 27 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 28 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 29 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 30 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 31 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 32 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 33 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 34 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 35 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 36 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 37 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 38 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 39 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 40 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 41 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 42 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 43 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 44 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 45 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 46 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 47 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 48 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 49 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 50 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 51 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 52 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 53 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 54 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 55 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 56 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 57 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 58 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 59 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 60 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 61 in. wide, per piece	\$1.50 to 1.75
Grey Shirtings, 62 in. wide, per piece	\$1.